(I-aiv) compound in which rings A<sup>1</sup> to A<sup>4</sup> represent trans-l,4- cyclohexylene, 1,4-phenylene, 3-fluoro-l,4-phenylene, or 3,5- difluoro-l,4-phenylene, and

(I-av) compound in which one, or two or more hydrogen atoms, which are present in naphthalene-2,6-diyl ring, a 1,2,3,4- tetrahydronaphthalene-2,6-diyl ring, a decahydronaphthalene-2,6-diyl ring, a side chain group  $R^1$ , a polar group  $Q^1$ , linking groups  $K^1$  to  $K^5$  and rings  $A^1$  to  $A^4$ , are substituted with deuterium atoms, in the general formulas (I-1) to (I-5);

(I-avi) compound in which W<sup>1</sup> to W<sup>3</sup> represent H, F, Cl, CF<sub>3</sub>, or OCF<sub>3</sub> in the general formulas (I-1) to (I-3) and (I-5); and

(I-avii) compound in which  $X^1$  and  $X^2$  represent H, F, Cl,  $CF_3$ , or  $OCF_3$  in the general formulas (I-2) to (I-4).

4. (Amended) A nematic liquid crystal composition according to claim 1, wherein said liquid crystal component A contains one to twenty kinds of compounds selected from one, two, or three or more sub-groups among the following sub-groups (I-bi) to (I-bvii), the content of said compounds being within a range from 5 to 100% by weight:

(I-bi) compound in which  $k^1=k^2=0$ , the ring  $A^1$  is trans-1,4- cyclohexylene, 1,4-phenylene, 3-fluoro-1,4-phenylene, 3,5- difluoro-1,4-phenylene, naphthalene-2,6-diyl, 1,2,3,4- tetrahydronaphthalene-2,6-diyl, or decahydronaphthalene-2,6- diyl,  $K^1$  is a single bond,  $-(CH_2)_2$ -, -COO-, or  $-C \equiv C$ -, and

(I-bii) compound in which  $k^1=1$ ,  $k^2=0$ , rings  $A^1$  and  $A^2$  represent trans-1,4-cyclohexylene, 1,4-phenylene, 3-fluoro-1,4-phenylene, 3, 5-difluoro-1,4-phenylene, naphthalene-2,6-diyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalene-2,6-diyl, or decahydronaphthalene-2,6-diyl,  $K^1$  is a single bond, -( $CH_2$ )<sub>2</sub>-, -COO-, or -C=C-,  $K^1$  and  $K^2$  represent a single bond, -( $CH_2$ )<sub>2</sub>-, -COO-, or -C=C-, in the general formula (I-1) in which  $K^1$  is an alkyl or alkenyl group having 2 to 7 carbon atoms,  $K^1$  is  $K^2$  coronaphthalene-2,6-diyl,  $K^3$  is  $K^4$  is an alkyl or alkenyl group having 2 to 7 carbon atoms,  $K^3$  is  $K^4$  is  $K^4$  or  $K^4$  or  $K^4$  and  $K^4$  represents  $K^4$  is an alkyl or alkenyl group having 2 to 7 carbon atoms,  $K^4$  is  $K^4$  or  $K^4$  or  $K^4$  or  $K^4$  and  $K^4$  is an alkyl or alkenyl group having 2 to 7 carbon atoms,  $K^4$  is  $K^4$  or  $K^4$ 

(I-biii) compound in which  $k^3=k^4=0$ , the ring  $A^1$  is trans-l,4- cyclohexylene, 1,4-phenylene, 3-fluoro-l,4-phenylene, or 3,5- difluoro-1,4-phenylene, and  $K^1$  and  $K^4$  represent a single bond,  $-(CH_2)_2$ -, -COO-, or  $-C \equiv C$ -, in the general formula (I-2) in which  $R^1$  is an alkyl or alkenyl group having 2 to 7 carbon atoms,  $Q^1$  is F, Cl,  $CF_3$ ,  $OCF_3$ , or CN,  $X^1$  and  $X^2$  represent H, F, Cl,  $CF_3$ , or  $OCF_3$ , and  $W^1$  to  $W^3$  represent H, F, Cl,  $CF_3$ , or  $OCF_3$ ;

(I-biv) compound in which  $k^1=k^2=0$ ,  $K^3$  is a single bond, -COO-, or -C=C-, and (I-bv) compound in which  $k^1=1$ ,  $k^2=0$ , the ring  $A^1$  is 1,4-phenylene, 3-fluoro-1,4-phenylene, or a 3,5-difluoro-1,4- phenylene,  $K^1$  and  $K^3$  represent -COO- or -C=C-, in the general formula (I-3) in which  $R^1$  is an alkyl or alkenyl group having 2 to 7 carbon atoms,  $Q^1$  is F, Cl, CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, or C,  $X^1$  and  $X^2$  represent H, F, Cl, CF<sub>3</sub>, or OCF<sub>3</sub>, and  $W^1$  to  $W^3$  represent H, F, Cl, CF<sub>3</sub>, or OCF<sub>3</sub>;

(I-bvi) compound in which  $k^5 = k^6 = k^7 = k^8 = 0$ ,  $K^5$  is a single bond,  $-(CH_2)_2$ -,  $-(CH_2)_4$ -, -COO-, or -C = C-,

(I-bvii) compound in which  $k^5=1$ ,  $k^6=k^7=k^8=0$ , the ring  $A^1$  is trans-1,4-cyclohexylene, 1,4-phenylene, 3-fluoro-1,4-phenylene, or 3,5-difluoro-1,4-phenylene,  $K^1$  and  $K^5$  represent a single bond, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-, -COO-, or -C=C-,

(I-bviii) compound in which  $k^7=1$ ,  $k^5=k^6=k^8=0$ , the ring  $A^3$  is trans-1,4-cyclohexylene, 1,4-phenylene, 3-fluoro-1,4-phenylene, or 3,5-difluoro-1,4-phenylene,  $K^3$  and  $K^5$  represent a single bond, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-, -COO-, or -C=C-, and

(I-bix) compound in which the decahydronaphthalene-2,6-diyl ring has at least one substituent among substituents -CF<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>-O-, -CH=CH-, -CH=CF-, -CF=CF-, -CH=N-, -CF=N-, >CH-O-, >C=CH-, >C=CF-, >C=N-, >N-CH<sub>2</sub>-, >CH-CF<, >CF-CF<, >C=C<, and Si, in the general formula (I-4) in which  $R^1$  is an alkyl or alkenyl group having 2 to 7 carbon atoms,  $Q^1$  is F, Cl, CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, or CN, and  $X^1$  and  $X^2$  represent H, F, Cl, CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>; and

(I-bx) compound in which  $k^1=k^2=0$ , the ring  $A^1$  is trans-1,4- cyclohexylene, 1,4-phenylene, 3-fluoro-

1,4-phenylene, 3,5- difluoro-1,4-phenylene, naphthalene-2,6-diyl, 1,2,3,4- tetrahydronaphthalene-2,6-diyl, or decahydronaphthalene-2,6- diyl,  $K^1$  is a single bond,  $-(CH_2)_2$ -,  $-(CH_2)_4$ -, or -COO-, and (I-bxi) compound in which  $k^1$ =1,  $k^2$ =0, rings  $A^1$  and  $A^2$  represent trans-1,4-cyclohexylene, 1,4-phenylene, 3-fluoro-1,4- phenylene, 3,5-difluoro-1,4-phenylene, naphthalene-2,6-diyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalene-2,6-diyl, or decahydronaphthalene-2,6-diyl, and  $K^1$  and  $K^2$ -each represents a single bond,  $-(CH_2)_2$ -,  $-(CH_2)_4$ -, or -COO-, in the general formula (I-5) in which  $R^1$  is an alkyl or

alkenyl group having 2 to 7 carbon atoms, Q<sup>1</sup> is F, Cl, CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, or CN, and W<sup>1</sup> and W<sup>2</sup> represent H, F, Cl, CF<sub>3</sub>, or OCF<sub>3</sub>.

5. (Amended) A nematic liquid crystal composition according to claim 1, wherein said liquid crystal component B contains one, or two or more kinds of compounds selected from the group of compounds represented by the general formulas (II-1) to (II-4):

(II-1) 
$$R^{1}$$
  $P^{1}$   $P^{2}$   $P^{2}$   $Q^{1}$ 

(II-2) 
$$R^{1}$$
  $P^{2}$   $P^{2}$   $P^{1}$   $P^{2}$ 

(II-3) 
$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
  $\mathbb{V}^{1}$   $\mathbb{V}^{3}$   $\mathbb{V}^{1}$   $\mathbb{V}^{1}$   $\mathbb{V}^{1}$   $\mathbb{V}^{1}$   $\mathbb{V}^{1}$ 

(II-4) 
$$R^1$$
  $B^3$   $p^2$   $W^2$   $p^3$   $Y^2$ 

(wherein R1 each independently represents an alkyl group having 1 to 10 carbon atoms or an alkenyl group having 2 to 10 carbon atoms, said alkyl or alkenyl group can have one, or two or more F, Cl, CN, CH<sub>3</sub> or CF<sub>3</sub> as a non-substituent or substituent group, and one, or two or more CH<sub>2</sub> group, which are present in said alkyl or alkenyl group, may be substituted with O, CO or COO, while O atoms do not bond with each other directly;

Q<sup>1</sup> each independently represents F, Cl, CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>2</sub>H, OCFH<sub>2</sub>, NCS, or CN;
W<sup>1</sup> to W<sup>4</sup> each independently represents H, F, Cl, CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, or CN, and also W<sup>4</sup> each independently represents CH<sub>3</sub>;

Y<sup>1</sup> and Y<sup>2</sup> each independently represents H, F, Cl, CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, or CN;

V represents CH or N;

p¹ to p³ each independently represents, a single bond, -COO-, -OCO-, -CH<sub>2</sub>O-, -OCH<sub>2</sub>-, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH=CH-, -CH=N-, =CH=N-N=CH-, or -N(O)=N-, and p³ each independently represents -CH=CH-, -CF=CF-, or C  $\equiv$ C-;

rings B<sup>1</sup> to B<sup>3</sup> each independently represents trans-1,4-cyclohexylene, trans-1,4-cyclohexylene, trans-1,3-dioxane- 2,5-diyl, trans-1-sila-1,4-cyclohexylene, or trans-4-sila-1,4-cyclohexylene, and the ring B<sup>3</sup> may also be 1,4-phenylene, 2- or 3-fluoro-1,4-phenylene, 3, 5-difluoro-1,4-phenylene, 2- or 3-chloro-1,4-phenylene, 2, 3-dichloro-1,4-phenylene, or 3,5- dichloro-1,4-phenylene;

one, or two or more hydrogen atoms, which are present in a side chain group  $R^1$ , a polar group  $Q^1$ , linking groups  $P^1$  to  $P^3$  and rings  $B^1$  to  $B^3$ , may be substituted with a deuterium atom;

 $p^1$  to  $p^3$  each independently represents 0 or 1, and  $p^2 + p^3$  is 0 or 1; and

atoms, which constitute the compounds of the general formulas (II-1) to (II-4), may be substituted with isotope atoms thereof).

9. (Amended) A nematic liquid crystal composition according to claim 1, wherein said liquid crystal component C contains compounds selected from the group of compounds represented by the general formulas (III-1) to (III-4):

(III-1) 
$$R^{2} \left\{ C^{1} - M^{1} \right\}_{m}^{1} C^{2} - M^{2} \left\{ C^{3} - Z^{3} \right\}_{2}^{2}$$

(III-2) 
$$R^2 \subset \mathbb{C}^2 - M^2 = \mathbb{C}^3 - \mathbb{C}^3$$

(III-3) 
$$R^{2} \underbrace{ C^{1}}_{\mathbf{m}^{1}} \underbrace{ W^{3} W^{1}}_{\mathbf{m}^{3}} \underbrace{ Z^{3}}_{\mathbf{Z}^{3}} \underbrace{ Z^{1}}_{\mathbf{Z}^{2}}$$

(III-4) 
$$\mathbb{R}^2 \left[ \begin{array}{c} C^1 \end{array} \right]_{\mathbb{R}^2} \mathbb{R}^3 \mathbb{R}^3$$

(wherein W<sup>1</sup> to W<sup>3</sup> each independently represents H, F, Cl, CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, or CN;

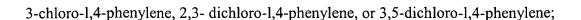
V represents CH or N;

R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> each independently represents an alkyl or alkoxy group having 1 to 10 carbon atoms or an alkenyl or alkenyloxy group having 2 to 10 carbon atoms, said alkyl, alkoxy, alkenyl or alkenyloxy group can have one, or two or more F, Cl, CN, CH<sub>3</sub> or CF<sub>3</sub> as a non-substituent or substituent group, and one, or two or more CH<sub>2</sub> group, which are present in said alkyl, alkoxy, alkenyl or alkenyloxy group, may be substituted with O, CO or COO, while O atoms do not bond with each other directly;

Z<sup>1</sup> to Z<sup>3</sup> each independently represents H, F, Cl, CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, or CN, and Z<sup>3</sup> each independently represents -CH<sub>3</sub>;

 $M^1$  to  $M^3$  each independently represents, a single bond, -COO-, -OCO-, -CH<sub>2</sub>O-, -OCH<sub>2</sub>--(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>-, -CH=CH-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH=CH-, -CH=N-,=CH=N-N=CH-, or -N(O)=N-, and  $M^1$  and  $M^3$  each independently represents -CH=CH-, -CF=CF-, or C=C-;

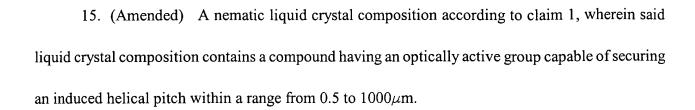
rings C<sup>1</sup> to C<sup>3</sup> each independently represents trans-1,4-cyclohexylene, trans-1,4-cyclohexylene, trans-1,3-dioxane- 2,5-diyl, trans-1-sila-1,4-cyclohexylene, trans-4-sila-1,4-cyclohexylene, naphthalene-2,6-diyl, 1,2,3,4- tetrahydronaphthalene-2,6-diyl, or decahydronaphthalene-2,6-diyl, naphthalene-2,6-diyl and 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalene- 2,6-diyl can have one, or two or more F, C1, CF<sub>3</sub> or CH<sub>3</sub> as a non-substituent or substituent group, and rings C<sup>1</sup> and C<sup>3</sup> may also be 1,4-phenylene, 2,3-difluoro-1,4-phenylene, 3,5-difluoro-1,4-phenylene, 2- or



one, or two or more hydrogen atoms, which are present in side chain groups  $R^2$  and  $R^3$ , linking groups  $M^1$  to  $M^3$  and rings  $C^1$  to  $C^3$ , may be substituted with a deuterium atom;

m<sup>1</sup> to m<sup>3</sup> each independently represents 0 or 1, and m<sup>2</sup> + m<sup>3</sup> is 0 or 1; and atoms, which constitute the compounds of the general formulas (III-1) to (III-4), may be substituted with isotope atoms thereof).

- 13. (Amended) A nematic liquid crystal composition according to claim 1, wherein said liquid crystal composition contains one, or two or more kinds of core-structure compounds which have four six-membered rings and a liquid crystal phase- isotropic liquid phase transition temperature of 100°C or higher.
- 14. (Amended) A nematic liquid crystal composition according to claim 1, wherein said liquid crystal composition has a dielectric constant anisotropy within a range from 2 to 40, a birefringent index within a range from 0.02 to 0.40, a nematic phase-isotropic liquid phase transfer temperature within a range from 50 to 180°C or higher, and a crystal phase-, smectic phase- or glass phase-nematic phase transfer temperature within a range from -200 to 0°C.



- 16. (Amended) An active matrix, twisted nematic or super twisted nematic liquid display device using the nematic liquid crystal composition of claim 1.
- 17. (Amended) A light scattering type liquid display device comprising a light modulation layer which contains the liquid crystal composition of claim 1 and a transparent solid substance.